CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6125

Chapter 10, Laws of 2004

58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

WATER CONSERVANCY BOARD ALTERNATES

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/10/04

Passed by the Senate February 9, 2004 YEAS 46 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 2, 2004 YEAS 94 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved March 11, 2004.

CERTIFICATE

I, Milton H. Doumit, Jr., Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6125 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

MILTON H. DOUMIT JR.

Secretary

FILED

March 11, 2004 - 4:21 p.m.

GARY F. LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6125

Passed Legislature - 2004 Regular Session

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2004 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Natural Resources, Energy & Water (originally sponsored by Senator Morton)

READ FIRST TIME 01/23/04.

AN ACT Relating to alternate members of a water conservancy board; and amending RCW 90.80.010, 90.80.035, 90.80.050, 90.80.070, and 90.80.120.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 90.80.010 and 2001 c 237 s 7 are each amended to read as follows: 6 7 The following definitions apply throughout this chapter, unless the 8 context clearly requires otherwise. (1) "Alternate" means an individual: (a) Who is appointed by the 9 10 county legislative authority or authorities under RCW 90.80.050(3); (b) who is trained under the requirements of RCW 90.80.040; and (c) who, 11 while serving as a replacement for an absent or recused commissioner: 12 (i) May serve and vote as a commissioner; (ii) is subject to any 13 requirement applicable to a commissioner; and (iii) counts toward a 14 15 quorum. (2) "Board" means a water conservancy board created under this 16 17 chapter. (((2))) (3) "Commissioner" means an individual who is appointed by 18

1 conservancy board <u>under RCW 90.80.050(1)</u>, or an alternate appointed 2 <u>under RCW 90.80.050(3)</u> while serving as a replacement for an absent or 3 recused commissioner.

4 (((3))) (4) "Department" means the department of ecology.

5 (((4))) (5) "Director" means the director of the department of 6 ecology.

7 (((5))) <u>(6)</u> "Record of decision" means the conclusion reached by a 8 water conservancy board regarding an application for a transfer filed 9 with the board.

10 (((6))) <u>(7)</u> "Transfer" means a transfer, change, amendment, or 11 other alteration of a part or all of a water right authorized under RCW 12 90.03.380, 90.03.390, or 90.44.100.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 90.80.035 and 2001 c 237 s 8 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

(1) If a county is the only county having lands comprising a water resource inventory area as defined in chapter 173-500 WAC, the county may elect to establish a water conservancy board for the water resource inventory area, rather than for the entire county.

(2) Counties having lands within a water resource inventory area 19 20 may jointly petition the department for establishment of a water conservancy board for the water resource inventory area. Counties may 21 22 jointly petition the department to establish boards serving multiple 23 counties or one or more water resource inventory areas. For any of 24 these multicounty options, the counties must reach their joint determination on the decision to file the petition, on the proposed 25 26 bylaws, and on other matters relating to the establishment and operation of the board in accordance with the provisions of this 27 chapter and chapter 39.34 RCW, the interlocal cooperation act. 28 Each county must meet the requirements of RCW 90.80.020(2). The counties 29 30 must jointly determine the sufficiency of a petition under RCW 31 90.80.020(3) and each county legislative authority must hold a hearing in its county. 32

(3) If establishment of a multicounty water conservancy board under any of the options provided in subsection (2) of this section is approved by the department, the counties must jointly appoint the board commissioners and jointly appoint members to fill vacancies as they

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1 occur, and may jointly appoint alternates in accordance with the 2 provisions of this chapter and chapter 39.34 RCW.

3 (4) A board established for more than one county or for one or more 4 water resource inventory areas has the same powers as other boards 5 established under this chapter. The board has no jurisdiction outside 6 the boundaries of the water resource inventory area or areas or the 7 county or counties, as applicable, for which it has been established, 8 except as provided in this chapter.

9 (5) The counties establishing a board for a multiple county area 10 must designate a lead county for purposes of providing a single point 11 of contact for communications with the department. The lead county 12 shall forward the information required in RCW 90.80.030(1) for each 13 county.

14 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.80.050 and 2001 c 237 s 10 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) A water conservancy board constitutes a public body corporate 17 and politic and a separate unit of local government in the state. Each board shall consist of three commissioners appointed by the county 18 legislative authority or authorities as applicable for six-year terms. 19 20 The county legislative authority or authorities shall stagger the 21 initial appointment of commissioners so that the first commissioners who are appointed shall serve terms of two, four, and six years, 22 23 respectively, from the date of their appointment. The county 24 legislative authority or authorities may appoint two additional commissioners, for a total of five. If the county or counties elect to 25 26 appoint five commissioners, the initial terms of the additional 27 commissioners shall be for three and five-year terms respectively. All vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term. 28

(2) The county legislative authority or authorities shall consider, 29 30 but are not limited in appointing, nominations to the board by people 31 or entities petitioning or requesting the creation of the board. The county legislative authority or authorities shall ensure that at least 32 one commissioner is an individual water right holder who diverts or 33 withdraws water for use within the area served by the board. 34 The county legislative authority or authorities must appoint one person who 35 36 is not a water right holder. If the county legislative authority or 37 authorities choose not to appoint five commissioners, and as of May 10,

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1 2001, there is no commissioner on an existing board who is not a water 2 right holder, the county or counties are not required to appoint a new 3 commissioner until the first vacancy occurs. In making appointments to 4 the board, the county legislative authority or authorities shall choose 5 from among persons who are residents of the county or counties or a 6 county that is contiguous to the county that the water conservancy 7 board is to serve.

8 (3) The county legislative authority or authorities may appoint up 9 to two alternates to serve in a reserve capacity as replacements for 10 absent or recused commissioners, and while serving in that capacity an 11 alternate may serve for all or any portion of a meeting of the board. 12 Alternates do not hold an appointed commissioner position on a board as 13 set forth under subsection (1) of this section. An alternate shall be 14 appointed to serve a six-year term.

15 <u>(4)</u> No commissioner may participate in a record of decision of a 16 board until he or she has successfully completed the necessary training 17 required under RCW 90.80.040. Commissioners shall serve without 18 compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for necessary travel 19 expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 and costs 20 incident to receiving training.

21 Sec. 4. RCW 90.80.070 and 2001 c 237 s 11 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

23 (1) A person proposing a transfer of a water right may elect to 24 file an application with a water conservancy board, if a board has been established for the geographic area where the water is or would be 25 diverted, withdrawn, or used. If the person has already filed an 26 application with the department, the person may request that the 27 department convey the application to the conservancy board with 28 jurisdiction and the department must promptly forward the application. 29 A board is not required to process an application filed with the board. 30 31 If a board decides that it will not process an application, it must return the application to the applicant and must inform the applicant 32 that the application may be filed with the department. An application 33 34 to the board for a transfer shall be made on a form provided by the department. A board may require an applicant to submit within a 35 36 reasonable time additional information as may be required by the board 37 in order to review and act upon the application. At a minimum, the

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application shall include information sufficient to establish to the board's satisfaction that a right to the quantity of water being transferred exists, and a description of any applicable limitations on the right to use water, including the point of diversion or withdrawal, place of use, source of supply, purpose of use, quantity of use permitted, time of use, period of use, and the place of storage.

7 (2) The applicant for any proposed water right transfer may apply to a board for a record of decision on a transfer if the water proposed 8 to be transferred is currently diverted, withdrawn, or used within the 9 10 geographic area in which the board has jurisdiction, or would be diverted, withdrawn, or used within the geographic area in which the 11 12 board has jurisdiction if the transfer is approved. In the case of a 13 proposed water right transfer in which the water is currently diverted 14 or withdrawn or would be diverted or withdrawn outside the geographic boundaries of the county or the water resource inventory area where the 15 use is proposed to be made, the board shall hold a public hearing in 16 17 the county of the diversion or withdrawal or proposed diversion or withdrawal. The board shall provide for prominent publication of 18 notice of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation published 19 in the county in which the hearing is to be held for the purpose of 20 21 affording an opportunity for interested persons to comment upon the 22 application. If an application is for a transfer of water out of the water resource inventory area that is the source of the water, the 23 24 board shall consult with the department regarding the application.

(3) After an application for a transfer is filed with the board, 25 the board shall publish notice of the application and send notice to 26 27 state agencies in accordance with the requirements of RCW 90.03.280. In addition, the board shall send notice of the application to any 28 Indian tribe with reservation lands that would be, but for RCW 29 90.80.055(2), within the area in which the board has jurisdiction. 30 The board shall also provide notice of the application to any Indian tribe 31 32 that has requested that it be notified of applications. Any person may submit comments and other information to the board regarding the 33 application. The comments and information may be submitted in writing 34 35 or verbally at any public meeting of the board to discuss or decide on 36 The comments must be considered by the board in the application. 37 making its record of decision.

(4) If a majority of the board determines that the application is 1 2 complete, and that the transfer is in accordance with RCW 90.03.380, 90.03.390, or 90.44.100, the board must issue a record of decision 3 approving the transfer, subject to review by the director. In making 4 5 its record of decision, the board must consider among other things whether the proposed transfer can be made without detriment or injury 6 7 to existing water rights, including rights established for instream flows. The board must include in its record of decision any conditions 8 that are deemed necessary for the transfer to qualify for approval 9 10 under the applicable laws of the state. The basis for the record of decision of the board must be documented in a report of examination. 11 12 The board's proposed approval must clearly state that the applicant is 13 not permitted to proceed to effect the proposed transfer until a final decision is made by the director. In making its record of decision, 14 the board must consider among other things whether the proposed 15 transfer can be made without detriment or injury to existing water 16 17 rights, including rights established for instream flows.

18 (5) If a majority of the board determines that the application 19 cannot be approved under the applicable laws of the state of 20 Washington, the board must make a record of decision denying the 21 application together with its report of examination documenting its 22 record of decision. The board's record of decision is subject to 23 review by the director under RCW 90.80.080.

24 (6) When alternates appointed under the provisions of RCW
25 90.80.050(3) are serving as commissioners on a board, a majority vote
26 of the board must include at least one commissioner appointed under the
27 provisions of RCW 90.80.050(1).

28 (7) An alternate when serving as a commissioner in the review of an 29 application before the board shall:

30 (a) Review the written record before the board and any exhibits
31 provided for the review or provided at the hearing if a hearing was
32 <u>held;</u>

33 (b) Review any audio or video recordings made of the proceedings on 34 the application; and

35 (c) Conduct a site visit if a site visit by other commissioners 36 acting on the application has been previously conducted.

37 (8) An alternate serving as a commissioner shall be guided by the
 38 conflict of interest standards applicable to all commissioners under

1 <u>RCW 90.80.120.</u> The board shall provide notice of an alternate sitting 2 <u>as a commissioner to the applicant and other participants in</u> 3 proceedings before the board in a timely manner to provide sufficient 4 <u>time for any challenges for conflict of interest to be made prior to</u> 5 <u>the board's decision on the application.</u>

6 **Sec. 5.** RCW 90.80.120 and 2001 c 237 s 15 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) A commissioner of a water conservancy board shall not engage in 9 any act which is in conflict with the proper discharge of the official 10 duties of a commissioner. A commissioner is deemed to have a conflict 11 of interest if he or she:

12 (a) Has an ownership interest in a water right subject to an13 application for approval before the board;

(b) Receives or has a financial interest in an application
submitted to the board or a project, development, or venture related to
the approval of the application; or

(c) Solicits, accepts, or seeks anything of economic value as a
 gift, gratuity, or favor from any person, firm, or corporation involved
 in the application.

(2) <u>In the event of a recusal of an appointed commissioner, an</u>
 <u>alternate may serve as a commissioner on a board and may act upon the</u>
 <u>official board business for which the conflict of interest exists.</u>

23 <u>(3)</u> The department shall return a record of decision to a 24 conservancy board without action where the department determines that 25 any member of a board has violated subsection (1) of this section.

(a) If a person seeking to rely on this section to disqualify a commissioner knows of the basis for disqualification before the time the board issues a record of decision, the person must request the board to have the commissioner recuse himself or herself from further involvement in processing the application, or be barred from later raising that challenge.

32 (b) If the commissioner does not recuse himself or herself or if 33 the person becomes aware of the basis for disqualification after the 34 board issues a record of decision but within the time period under RCW 35 90.80.080(3) for filing objections with the department, the person must 36 raise the challenge with the department. If the department determines 37 that the commissioner should be disqualified under this section, the

director must remand the record of decision to the board for 1 2 reconsideration and resubmission of a record of decision. The disqualified commissioner shall not participate in any further board 3 review of the application. The department's decision on whether to 4 remand a record of decision under this section may only be appealed at 5 the same time and in the same manner as an appeal of the department's 6 7 decision to affirm, modify, or reverse the record of decision after 8 remand.

9 (c) If the person becomes aware of the basis for disqualification 10 after the time for filing objections with the department, the person 11 may raise the challenge in an appeal of the department's final decision 12 under RCW 90.80.090.

> Passed by the Senate February 9, 2004. Passed by the House March 2, 2004. Approved by the Governor March 11, 2004. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 11, 2004.